DATE : MAR 10 2020

DAY: Tuesday

DENR

IN THE NEWS

Strategic Communication and Initiative Service







UPPER

PAGE 1

BANNER STORY

R E01703

CARTOON

03 10 20

IIILE:

PAGE 1/

DATE

4 Korean resto, carwash kinandado sa kadugyutan

Limang establisimiyento sa Pasay City ang kinandado nitong Lunes dahil sa paglabag sa Philippine Clean Water Act of 2004.

Ayon kay Engineer Arnew Pamintuan ng Laguna Lake Development Authority (LLDA), nilabag ng mga Korean restaurant na Song Dowon, DAS Rae Jhung, Ocean Bay, at Zhi Brothers gayundin ng isang car wash ang nasabing batas dahil sa kabiguan na magpagawa ng waste water treatment facility.

Pawang matatagpuan sa HK Sun Plaza sa Macapagal Boulevard ang mga nabanggit na Korean restaurant at carwash.

Aniya, maaaring patawan ng parusa ang mga nasabing establisimiyento dahil sa pagtatapon ng maruming tubig papunta ng Libertad channel na dumidiretso sa Manila Bay.

Ayon naman kay Pasay City Mayor Emi Calixto-Rubiano, maaari namang magbukas muli ang mga nabanggit na establisimiyento kung makatutugon sa waste water treatment facility na itinakda ng batas.

ty na itinakda ng batas.
Iginiit pa ni Rubiano na hindi ito pagsikil
sa kanilang hanapbuhay
kundi layunin lamang ng
pamahalaan na ingatan
ang kalikasan upang maiwasan ang polusyon sa
mga daluyan ng tubig.
Pinangunahan ng Department of Environment

Pinangunahan ng Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), LLDA, at ng pamahalaang lokal ng Pasay City ang pagpapasara sa apat na Korean resto at carwash. (Armida Rico)







UPPER

PAGE I

03

8ANNE

10

DITORIAL CAR

CARIOON

TITLE :

AGE 1/

DATE

20



TULUYAN nang ipinasara kahapon ng umaga, ang limang establisiyemento kabilang ang apat na Korean restaurant at isang carwash na matatagpuan sa HK Plaza sa Roxas at Macapagal boulevards ng pinagsanib na puwersa ng Laguna Lake Development Authority (LLDA), DENR, at Pasay LGU dahil sa paglabag sa water waste treatment facilities na lumikha ng water pollution sa mga daluyan ng tubig patungong Manila Bay sa Pasay City kahapon ng umaga. (ERIC JAYSON DREW)







PAGE 1/

DATE

30

Kawayan kontra climate change gift ng DENR

Nanawagan si Environment Secretary Roy A. Cimatu sa mamamayan na ikonsidera ang pagtatanim at paggamit ng kawayan bilang alternatibong kahoy upang makatulong sa kampanya ng pamahalaan kontra climate change.

Ayon kay Cimatu, ang "engineered" bamboo ay maaaring gawing pamalo ay maaaring gawing pamalit sa tradisyunal na hardisyana ay maaaring gawing pamalo ay maaaring gawing pamalo



ROTARY AWARD. Environment Secretary Roy Cinatu (center) receives the prestigious Rotary Club of Manila Tourism Awards for Saving Manila Bay, The Biggest Challenge for Environment Protection from RCM president Jackie Rodriquez and president-elect Robert Lim Joseph (right), chairman of the Tourism Awards. The 16th Annual Recognition is given to leaders in the tourism and environment sectors.









PAGE

EDITORIAL

TITLE :

PAGE 1/

10 20

Kudos BoC Environmental Protection & Compliance Division

TALAGANG nakabibilib ang ginagawa ng Bureau of Customs (BoC) Environmental Protection and Compliance Division na pinangungunahan ni chief Atty. Allen dela Cruz dahil sa magagandang accomplishment kagaya ng mga basura na nahuli nila at iba pa.

nila at iba pa.

Sila ay nabigyan ng parangal na iginawad ng
Department of Environmental and Natural
Resources (DENR) Secretary Roy Cimatu dahil
sa mga kontribusyon nilang nagawa.

Ilan sa kanilang kontribusyon sa DENR ang
huli nilang dalawang shipments of used computer
sets and scrap metals ngayong 2020, at sa 2019
ang anim na shipments of recyclable materials
containing hazardous substances and
alternatives to ozone depleting substances at
anim na shipments of illegally traded wildlife
products apprehended in NAIA at sa Cagayan De
Oro ang plastic scrap na 51x4o containers and
re-exported to its country of origin, South Korea.

Oro ang plastic scrap na 51x4o containers and re-exported to its country of origin, South Korea. Kasama ang BoC-NAIA sa nakatanggap ng Award na pinangunahan ni District Collector Carmelita and ahil sa kanilang magagandang huli. Sabuuang 3,084 wildlife at endangered species mula sa ilegal na pangangalakal ng wildlife mula 2018 hanggang 2019. Congrat Kabilang dito ang 1,529 pagong at 757 live na



tarantulas, 250 live geckos, 254 live corals, snakes, at marami pang iba na endangered species na gustong ipalusot ng mga sindikato sa pamamagitan ng iba't ibang paraan upang ismuggle sa Filipinas pero hindi nakalusot sa paliparan dahil mahusay ang pagbabantay ng NAIA customs.

Kasama sa mga nabigyan ng award of commendation sina Carlota Caberto, Athelstane Duque II, Alexander Diaz, Ritzton Mamisay, Feljun Roxas, Lt. Peter Aris Castillo, Atty. Teddy Raval, Director Yogi Ruiz, Atty, Allen dela Cruz, Renan Azuer, Jonathan Belmonte, Marcelino Cruz, Coll. Mimel Talusan, Atty. Marlon Agaceta, IO3 Troy Tan, Atty. Lordes Managaoang, Alona de Guzman, Preja-Lee Pernia, Chief Gaylord Ventura, Ardie Pascual, at Noel Humbit.

Ang komendasyon na ibinigay ng DENR dahil sa kanilang invaluable assistance at unqualified support sa DENR at sa Philippine Operations Group on Ivory and Illegal Wildlife Trade (POGI) in the enforcement of wildlife laws, rules, and

Congratulations sa inyong lahat! Keep up the





20 10 03

TITLE

PAGE 1/

DATE

Groups renew call to repeal

25-year-old mining law

By LOUISE MAUREEN SIMEON

Several environmental groups called for the repeal of the 25-year-old Philippine Mining Act in a bid to protect the environment from largescale extractive operations in the country.

The groups have asked the government to replace the law with the Alternative Minerals Management Bill (AMMB) which they said have strict safeguards that will uphold the rights of communities affected by mining.

In a briefing yesterday, Alyansa Tigil Mina said the law is

already old and outdated and that there is a need for a new one that will ensure the protection and conservation of the environment.

"We hope the DENR (Department of Environment and Natural Resources) will be open with the issues that need immediate actions. Climate change is a real threat and large-scale mining contributes to that," ATM national coordinator Jaybee Garganera said.

SOS Yamang Bayan coordinator Maya Quirino said that it has been 10 years since green groups have filed the AMMB but to no avail.

Quirino said the current law

slaps very minimal tax and has very limited protection on the environment.

"It's as if our minerals are just being given away. They are opening areas that are rich in minerals with no protection on our critical areas," she said.

Mining tax has increased to four percent following the first tranche of the government's tax reform program. The alternative bill wants mining firms to be levied as much as 10 percent.

The idea of looking at the environment as a tool toward economic improvement is already obsolete amid climate

change. Land is life and the use of our natural resources should be needs-based and should be thought of properly," Quirino

Also part of the bill is the creation of a multisector mineral council where affected communities will be included in the decision making in granting mining permits, as well as expansion of no-go mining zones such as prime agricultural lands, watersheds and densely populated areas, among others

Qurino said groups are having a hard time making the bill move forward amid influence of mining groups in the House of Representatives and in the

"We are not being given the chance to explain what provisions are negotiable and non-negotiable. Mining can be allowed but the specific conditions have to be followed," she said.

"Other lawmakers also have direct and indirect stakes in mining so there's conflict of interest already," Garganera said.

It was in 1995 when former president Fidel Ramos enacted the Mining Act aimed at revitalizing the local mining industry and increasing foreign investments.

As of July 2019, there were 707,077 hectares of mineralized lands or areas where there are mining operations.

Groups said the policy falls short in ensuring that the country's forests, freshwater sources, and seas are protected, as well as the respective indigenous communities living within mine operations.

They called on President Duterte to make good on his promise of having the protection of the environment as his administration's top priority includes banning open pit mining and endorsing the passage of an alternative minerals management law.

20 10 03

DATE

Ex solon: LNG not a bridge to cleaner energy

RYAN PONCE PACPACO

A FORMER party-list lawmaker on Monday bared the recent findings of their group reinforcing that liquefied natural gas (LNG) is allegedly harm-ful to the environment and not a bridge to clean-

er energy.
Former Alyansa ng mga
Grupong Haligi ng Agham
at Teknolohiya para sa
Mamamayan (AGHAM)
party-list Rep. Angelo Palmones said their recent fund ings on gas peaking plants, reinforcing their previous statements explaining that LNG is not clean.

"As we continued our studies into the topic, it was discovered that fueling gas peaker plants with natural gas affects our cli-mate twice. Most obviousnatural gas affects our climate twice. Most obviously, by the carbon pollution that rises from the smokestack at the plant. But as Bill McKibberi writes, any methane that escapes unburned into the atmosphere on the way to the power plant warms the planet very effectively so effectively that if you leak more than two or three percent, it's worse for climate change than coal. Gas is not 100% green, as some companies want the public to believe, and it is not exactly 'good' power," said Palmones, a dzRH radio anchor.

Last month, AGHAM clarified that the Philippines should not invest too match on natural gas be.

pines should not invest too much on natural gas because, unknown to many, this is also harmful to the environment and not true clean energy as some cor-porations would have con-sumers believe.

The group highlighted the findings from cleanenergy.org, wherein "a ten-year study of the oil and gas supply chain shows that methane emisshows that methane emissions are about 60% higher than what was previously estimated, as reported in Bloomberg by John D. Wilson, former Deputy Director for Regulatory Policy at the Southern Alliance for Clean Energy."

In the study done by

Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, it was pointed out how "The bottom line is that the amount of methane being lost across the supply chain is substantial, it's higher than current estimates, and the amount is large enough to double the climate footprint of natural gas on a 20-year basis," Ramon Alvarez, associate chief scientist at EDF and lead author of the study, said in an interview.

Palmones stressed that "in the Philippines, the big-

"in the Philippines, the big-gest thing we can do to re-duce methane emissions is to reduce the use of natural gas. It's complicated, but basically the leak rate is a basically the leak rate is a percentage of total consumption, so leaks increase (or decrease) when natural gas consumption goes up (or down). Until industry acts to stop the leaks, more natural gas consumption means more methane in our transparent and an accelmeans more methane in our atmosphere, and an acceleration of global warming. We have to put a stop to adding more gas power plants immediately, as this is hazardous to our envi-

is hazardous to our environment."

AGHAM was greatly worried about the results and findings in Southeast America, where it was detailed in cleanenergy.org how "gas peaking plants resulted in huge costs that are passed through directly to customers. The fuel expenses at the 14 plants listed in the article increased from an average of \$357 million per year to \$567 million in 2016, despite fuel prices dropping from \$65 to prices dropping from \$65 to \$42 per MWh. So the answer to this mystery is literally a \$210 million question."

\$210 million question."

The online research also discovered "Carbon emissions are also up. Carbon dioxide emissions from gas peakers increased from an average of 9.4 to 16.7 million tons in 2016. For comparison, total carbon emissions in 2016 from Southeastern utilities were 428 million tons. The 2016 carbon total was the lowest of the modern era (carbon dithe modern era (carbon di-oxide emissions in 2010 were 530 million tons), but if natural gas combined cycle plants had been used

instead of peakers, roughly 2 million tons of carbon emissions could have been avoided " avoided.

AGHAM referred to methane as CO2 on ste-roids, as it spends roughly 12 years trapping atmospheric heat 87 times more effectively than CO2, then it becomes CO2 itself.

Palmones pointed out that "yes, we agree with our government and regulator in pursuing cleaner energy sources, but it is crucial to look in the right directions. LNG or methane gas may not be the best option. And limiting methane is not what determines whether gas is positive for whether gas is positive for the transition to clean enerwhether gas is positive for the transition to clean energy. With or without methane leakage, gas is not clean. Nor is gas the answer to the challenges of transitioning to a genuinely clean energy future." In fact, Palmones explained "it's time for a deeper analysis of the data at hand. Based on the studies we have been going through, when researchers examine the full impact of natural gas, many conclude that it is not substantially better for the climate than coal. In fact, under some circumstances, it may even be worse. es, it may even be worse. LNG is just as harmful to the environment as other fossil fuels. It is not a re-placement for renewable

Palmones concluded by eminding the public of th Paris Agreement, saying "if we continue to push for gas, we will be breaking the carbon budget, and this will be inconsistent with the climate goals. Switching to methane gas from other fossil fuels simply will not cut it. It would be much wiser to instead invest on low-cost renewables, which low-cost renewables, which can displace natural or methane gas. Gas is not the only source that can ensure grid reliability. There is no reason for gas to be favored as the primary solution."

"So, before more gas intrastructure is built in the

Philippines, locking in emis sions for decades to come, more study must be done by government to assess the impact of LNG on the planet," Palmones added.







PAGE 1/



PAGE 1

BANNER

DITORIAL CAR

20

CARTOON

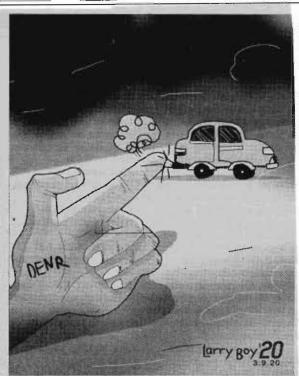
13 10

Editoryal

Matinding problema sa air pollution

NOONG nakaraang linggo, isang grupo ng mga lider sa komunidad na apektado ng air pollution ang nagtipon sa harap ng tanggapan ng Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) sa Quezon City para kalampagin ang kawalan ng aksiyon ng mga pinuno sa marumi at walang kalidad na hangin hindi lamang sa Metro Manila kundi sa buong bansa. Ang rally ay pinangunahan ng Philippine Movement for Climate Justice at ng environmental advocates na nasa ilalim ng Power for People Coalition. Ayon sa mga grupo, dismayado sila sa kawalan ng aksiyon ng DENR sa lumulubhang problema ng air pollution.

Marami na ang namumulat sa masamang dulot ng air pollution at nararapat namang kumilos ang DENR sa problemang ito. Maraming sakit ang nakukuha sa hangin na may lason at kabilang dito ang pulmonya, bronchitis, asthma, istrok at atake sa puso. Ang Metro Manila ay isa sa mga siyudad sa mundo



na malubha ang problema sa air pollution. Dalawang taon na ang nakararaan, isang doktor ang nagpayo na dapat nang mag-face mask ang mga taga-Metro Manila para makaligtas sa hangin na may lason.

Ilang malalaking kalsada sa Metro ang tinukoy na grabe ang pollution at ito ay ang EDSA, Taft Avenue, Quezon Avenue at C5. Mga bulok na bus at jeepney ang itinuturong pollutants sa mga nasabing kalsada. Marami pa ring bulok na jeepney ang patuloy na bumibiyahe kahit ipinatutupad ang modernisasyon.

Noong nakaraang taon, nagkaroon ng ranking sa 230 siyudad sa buong mundo na gustong puntahan ng mga dayuhan. Nasa ika-136 na puwesto ang Metro Manila. Isa sa mga dahilan kung bakit malayo ang puwesto ng Metro Manila sa mga gustong bisitahin ng mga dayuhan o turista ay dahil sa air pollution. Mas gusto ng mga dayuhan na puntahan ang mga lugar na malinis ang hangin. Pinakamarami ang gustong manirahan sa Vienna, Austria at Singapore.

Kumilos na sana ang DENR. Unang gawin ay pagsuporta sa pag-phase out sa mga lumang sasakyan sapagkat ang mga ito ang nagbubuga ng 80 porsiyento ng nakalalasong usok. Ipatupad ang nakasaad sa Clean Air Act na bawal ang paggamit ng incinerators at mga pagsusunog. Iprayoridad ang paglinis sa hangin. Iligtas ang mamamayan na unti-unting pinapatay ng "killer hangin".





In pursuit of plastic neutrality: Nestlé, Republic Cement renew partnership for waste plastic collection, co-processing

ursuing its goal to achieve plastic neutrality at the earliest possible time, Nestlé Philippines, Inc. recently signed a new agreement with Republic Cement for the collection and co-processing of soft plastic wastes in the latter's cement kilns, significantly expanding an initial agreement in 2019.

Plastic neutrality involves recovering post-consumer plastics equal to the quantity of plastic packaging used for products sold by companies. Therefore, Nestlé Philippines will collect plastic wastes equivalent to the volume it uses in its product packaging to achieve plastic neutrality.

The 2020 agreement, signed by Nestlé Philippines Chairman and CEO Kais Marzouki and Republic Cement Director Nabil Francis, aims to increase the amount of post-consumer plastic wastes to be collected and co-processed during the year.



Nestlé Philippines Chairman and CEO Kais Marzouki (left) and Republic Cement Director Nabil Francis (right) at the Republic Cement plant in Norzagaray.

As part of a long-term, priority program to address soft plastics in the country's waste streams, Nestlé Philippines is engaged in collection and recycling efforts in partnership with other key stakeholders to recover plastic wastes in significant amounts.

Under the agreement with Republic Cement, Nestlé seeks to collect post-consumer plastic wastes for cement kiln co-processing, a method of waste material disposal which is internationally accepted and authorized by local environmental laws and regulations.

Republic Cement is licensed by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) to utilize and dispose of qualified waste streams through cement kiln co-processing, a

process used to create cement which entails taking raw materials such as calcium carbonate and silica, and feeding them into a kiln along with fuel. These materials are burned at such a high temperature that any complex materials are broken into simpler compounds. The end result is cement. Any emissions during the process are filtered and monitored by the minute to comply with DENR standards.

Cement kiln co-processing in a country like the Philippines is more advantageous compared to landfilling and physical treatment, since energy and minerals from waste are almost completely used up.

As the world's largest food and beverage company, Nestlé's broader vision is to achieve

a waste-free future in which none of its packaging, particularly plastic, ends up in landfills, the oceans, or as litter. In April 2018, Nestlé announced its global commitment to make 100 percent of its packaging recyclable or reusable by 2025.

"We continue to intensify our efforts to tackle plastic wastes, to expand our reach, and we are thankful to Republic Cement for helping us do just that," said Mr. Marzouki, "Our new agreement is a welcome step in our common journey, and specifically will help us collect considerably more plastics than we did last year."

For his part, Mr. Francis said, "Republic Cement is proud to be working with Nestlé on their push to becoming plastic neutral. These partnerships challenge us to do more as we continuously advocate for the use of more alternative fuel in order to truly embody sustainability in our operations."

Republic Cement, with five plants and one grinding station in the Philippines backed by more than 60 years of cement manufacturing experience, has also entered into co-processing partnerships with the following local govern-ment units: Manila; Paete and Liliw in Laguna; Norzagaray, San Jose del Monte and Valenzuela in Bulacan, and Teresa in Rizal.

"In accelerating the search for solutions to the plastics problem, it is necessary, while we look for innovative packaging solutions, to take immediate action to divert waste away from landfills and stop plastic waste from entering waterways and oceans. It is in this spirit that we at Nestlé Philippines are working to achieve plastic neutrality as soon as possible, in close cooperation with our partners," said Mr. Marzouki.





105

Urroi

raige (

DARRITA

OCHRAD HABOUR

in pursuit of plastic neutrality:

10111 2/2

03 10 20



Nestlé Philippines has signed with Republic Cement a new agreement following one in 2019 to increase the amount of post-consumer plastic wastes to be collected and co-processed in 2020. In photo (left to right) are Nestlé Philippines SVP and Head of Corporate Affairs Atty. Ernesto Mascenon, Chairman and CEO Kals Marzouki, Republic Cement Director Nabil Francis, and Director for Alternative Fuels and Community Relations Atty. Angela Edralin-Valencia.





FAGE 1/

20



The sand that took lives and buried villages during Mt. Pinatubo's eruption in 1991 and lahar flows until 1997 is now considered the "white gold" of Pampanga, with quarrying for ng in taxes and other fees to the province's coffers. -- To

PAMPANGA TOWNS, VILLAGES GET P81M FROM QUARRY FUND

CITY OF SAN FERNANDO-The provincial government of Pampanga has distributed P80.7 million as shares of 16 towns and 77 villages from an income of P115.3 million derived from the sand tax on Mt. Pinatubo's minerals in the last seven months.

The towns received P34.6 million while the villages got P46.1 million. The amounts represented their shares of 30 percent and 40 percent, respectively, as authorized by Republic Act No. 7160, or the Local Government Code of 1991, Gov. Dennis Pineda said.

Biggest shares

The provincial government, which got its 30-percent share of P34.6 million, also collected P192.2 million from the P250 administrative fee that is used to

fund field operations and salaries of employees in the quarry monitoring unit called Kalam.

Records showed that the towns of Porac and Bacolor received the biggest shares at P38.3 million and P16.6 million, respectively, from the quarry fund collected from July 1, 2019, to Jan. 31 this year.

Porac Mayor Jing Capil and Bacolor Mayor Eduardo Datu said

the money was handed to them as checks, noting that they would spend the additional income on local projects and services.

Average collection

Pampanga's local governments expect to get more from the February collection as the P150 sand tax and P250 administrative fee reached P57.1 million last month, the highest monthly collection on record. This brought quarry revenues to an all-time high of P404.14 million in the last eight months.

"The monthly average has been P50 million," Pineda told the Inquirer.

According to the capitol's figures, the P404.14 million consisted of fines and penalties, quarry collection, weighing scale fee on trucks operating in the province,

sand and gravel permit, accreditation of motor vehicles and accreditation of heavy equipment.

Quarry revenues reached P38.5 million during the administration of former Gov. Lito Lapid, P82.6 million under former Gov. Mark Lapid, P616.2 million under former Gov. Eddie Panlilio and P2.8 billion under former Gov. Lilia Pineda. -TONETTE OREJAS INO



03 10 20

: 9Jill

PACE 1/

DAT

Councilor wants export of sand,

gravel from Leyte banned

By MARIE TONETTE MARTICIO

TACLOBAN CITY — With the increasing demand for sand and gravel (SAG) which has triggered the over-extraction of mineral resources in the province, an ordinance is being proposed before the Provincial Board of Leyte that would ban the exportation of these minerals from the province.

Board Member Mesias Arevalo, chairperson of the council's committee on environment, said the proposed ordinance seeks to declare as unlawful for natural and juridical persons, or anyone who had been granted a permit to sell sand and gravel outside the province.

However, the officials said that they were considering exempting Samar province from the ban because of its high demand for SAG due to ongoing construction projects.

"Majority of our permittees and stakeholders who attended agreed (during the public hearing). We have to control the damage this has caused and set limitations for our concessionaires or contractors to show us their programs of work so we would know the volume of minerals they need from our sources," he maintained.

It was learned during a public hearing that only 25 percent of the concessionaires in the province have renewed their permits, and despite the drastic increase in revenue collection from SAG, these were not enough to cover for the road and bridge maintenance affected by the extractions.

Of the 74 active permittees, the province has only received ₱6.7 million for its share from SAG concession in 2019

Despite not having SAG extraction activities in their municipality, Tabontabon, Leyte Mayor Efren Redoña ex-

pressed support for the ordinance because they, too, were affected because 25 to 32-tonner trucks pass through the town's roads from the Dagitan River extractions.

MacArthur town Mayor Rudin Babante also reported rampant sand and gravel extraction in their municipality, prompting rice farmers to complain about their irrigation and water supply also being affected.

Eduardo Tan, chief geologist of the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) 8, admitted that, based on their assessment, there were violations committed by 28 concessionaires.







rAGE I

BANNER STORY

10 20 03

DATE

Baroto puts Palawan in festive mode

BY ANDRIO ATTENZA

To promote a livelier local tourism, the coastal folks in barangay Alimanguan - the pristine "Long beach of the Philippines" - located in San Vicente, Palswan, take the festive mode in preparation for the "Baroto" festival slated 12 to 16 March.

A baroto is an old classical type of banca, powered by wind, that was used by local fisherfolks along the coast of Palawan for decades.

Palawan vice governor Victorino Dennis Socrates expressed appreciation upon learning about the Baroto festival.

"There is this initiative involving the private sector in San Vicente. We can say that sustainable tourism is in very good hands in San Vicente," Socrates said.

Antonio Hatana, a resort investor in San Vicente, and organizer of the Baroto festivai for this year said the highlight of the festival would be a colorful baroto regatta where all these barato are to be seen along the coast of Alimanguan for photo enthusiasts

"It is exciting and colorful. We are inviting other municipalities to join us here. It is very unique for Palawan," Hatana said.

Cesar Caballero, barangay chairman of Alimanguan said the baroto banca would be joined in by at least 20 participants that each barcto could be manned by at least five

Caballero said the baroto feature has a deep and narrow hull from a U-shaped dugout keel built up with planks on each side that is 15 meters in length.

"While on-board the baroto, they can talk with each other while at

sea, unlike

a motorized banca which is noisy," Caballero said.

The baroto racers would have to run a 1.5-kilometer distance, in a triangle direction, to complete the competition.

Entries from the Palawan's coastal towns of Coron, El Nido, Cuyo, Taytay, Roxas, Narra and Balabac are expected to join.

Since the 70's, San Vicente is a fishermen's village where baroto is used for livelihood.

Organizers said they would invite participants from other provinces once they have prepared the accommodations for bulk number of tourists in San Vicente.

Habana added that Alimanguan, with less than 5,000 residents, is a known sanctuary of sea turtles that hatch eggs along the beach of San Vicente. Turtle hatchlings would normally be seen from February to November every year

"It's very vital for us to protect the ecosystem and to protect the turtle nests,"

Habana said.



PACE 1 DARRICE EDIVISIAL CARDON

03 10 20

HIRE:

naii



Républic of the Philippines
Department of Environment and Natural Resources
NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION
stional Ecology Center East Avenue, Dillmen, Quezon

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS

s hereby given that the Department of Environment and Natural Resigning Region, Patents and Deeds Section, in pursuance to Admini 38 dated 19 April 1990, will said to JENEN-NCR. LIGERISS. Pater Association of Commission Authority Colory Center, East Avenue, Dillmun, Outcon City, diding to the highest bidder at 10:00 A.M. on BA. UM, 2020, the track of Britz, Western Biouten (Pinegeams). Taguig City which are speciation to the Color of the Color

APPLICATION	NAME OF APPLICANT	LOT NO./ BLK NO./ PLAN NO.	AREA IN SQ.M	APPRAISED VALUED PER 8Q.M	VALUE OF	TOTAL VALUE OF IMPROVEMENT
IGPSA NO. 007607- 2016	ESTERLINA N. OLLERÓ		84 sq.m.	Php140.00		PhP 1,000.000.00



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Environment and Natural Resource:
NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION
National Ecology Conter East Avenue, Dillinan, Quezor City

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS

APPLICATION NUMBER	NAME OF APPLICANT	LOT NO./ BLK NO./ PLAN NO.	IN SQ.M	APPRAISED VALUED PER SQ.M	TOTAL VALUE OF LAND	TOYAL VALUE OF IMPROVEMENT
IGPSA NO. 007607- 2053	BENIGNO M GALAS	Lot 7, Block 13, Psd-00- 036894	60 sq.m.	P140.00	P8,400,00	P2,000,000.00

PJ - March 3, 10, 17, 24, 31 and April 7, 2020



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Environment and Natural Resources
NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION
National Ecology Center East Avenue, Dillman, Quezon

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS

ice is nereby given that the Department of Environment and Ninel Capital Region, Patents and Deads Section, in pursuance No. 38 detect 19 April 1900, will sell at DEPIR-MCR. Licons 5 Division. National Ecology Center, Ext. Ascause. Dillingo. Ose Objects of 10:000 A.M. on 10th 30, 2020, et al. 1817. Bacjaran. Paterhause. City which are specifically

APPLICATION NUMBER	NAME OF APPLICANT	LOT NO./ BLK NO./ PLAN NO.	AREA IN SQ.M	VALUED	YOTAL VALUE OF LAND	TOTAL VALUE OF IMPROVEMENT
IGPSA NO. 007607- 298	NORA	Lot 31, Block 15, Swo-04- 000800	42 sq.m.	9200.00	P8,400.00	P160,000.00

ATTY.ALVAN JOSEPH G. CONSTANTINO

FJ - March 3, 10, 17, 24, 31 and April 7, 2020





PAULIE CHECKEL CAPTODU

03 10 20

DAIL

Lord IV

Republic of the Philippines
Department of Emironment and Natural Resources
NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION
ational Ecology Center East Avenue, Diliman, Queron 6 SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS 8,400.00 Php PhP 8,400.00 400,000.00 IGFSA NO. DIGNARDO LOT 30457-A 204 hp100.00 Fhp PhP 20,400.00 100,000.00



mile:





PARRIE

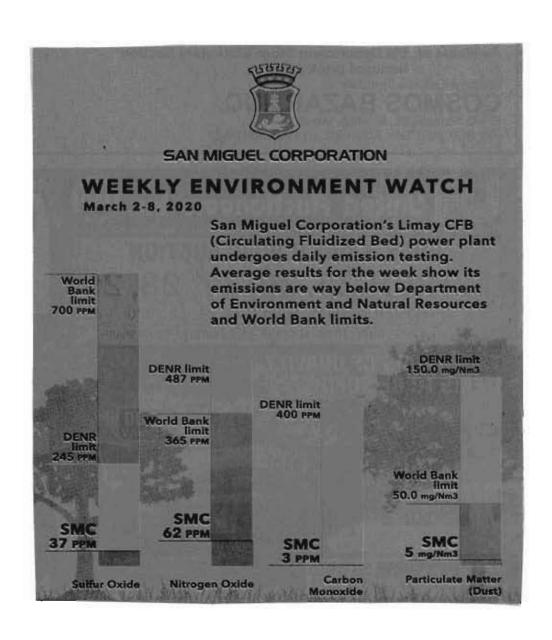
enii i



03 10 20

CACE 1/

DATE







STORY

03 10 20

KALINISAN at pagiging malusog ang kabilang sa mga epektibong hakbang laban sa Corona Virus Disease-19 o COVID-19.

Pero bago natin talakayin ang mga paksa na ito, dapat nating alalahanin ang mga nagaganap sa COVID-19.

17 SA NAKALIPAS NA ISANG LINGGO

Mabilis na dumami ang kumpirmadong may COVID-19 at lumalabas na nagaganap ito sa Metro

Unang naging positibo sa magkakasunod na araw ang isang Australyano na dumalo pa sa isang kasalan sa Pangasinan nitong nakaraang linggo.

Naging positibo rin ang isang Talwanese na nahawaan ng Talwanese na nagpositibo sa Taiwan paguwi nito roon.

Sinundan ito ng nagsamba sa isang Mosque sa Greenhills Shopping Center.

At ngayon naman, may Amerikanong tinamaan sa farikina, isa sa Quezon City at dalawa sa Pasig.

Isa sa huling apat ang nagpositibo nang hindi nanggaling sa ibang bansa at isang palaisipan kung paano ito nahawa.

Sa huli, anak ng tokwa, may nadagdag na 10 dakong hapon kahapon kaya

20 mula noong umpisa. MGA HAKBANG VS COVID-19

Kapag malusog ka, nangangahulugan na malakas ang iyong immune system o lakas ng katawan na panlaban sa sakit.

Makakamit lang ang magandang kalusugan kung balansiyado ang pagkain.

Yun bang === may sapat ka ng lahat ng sustansya na kailangan katawari sa maghapon o sa mga susunod na araw.

Kung kulang o sobra ka ng sustansya, masisira naman ang iyong Immune sys-tem at kapitan ka rin ng sa-

MATINDING TINATAMAAN

Pero dito sa COVID-19, lumalabas na 'yung mga maysakit sa baga o may TB o hika ang madaling maha-

Kaya ang pagpapalakas ng baga ang dapat na gawin at sustentuhan.

Vitamin Cang kailangan kung ganoon.

Pero pinakamaganda na komunsulta sa health center ukoi sa tamang pagkain at pagkakaroon ng sustansya laban sa sakit na pinaguusapan natin.

Tatandaan: sa 100 may sakit, 81 porsyento ang mild o mahina; 14% ang severe o malala; at 5 % ang kritikal.

Dito sa kritikal, maaaring tinatawag ka na ni Lord.



MAGANDANG KALUSUGAN AT KALINISAN VS COVID-19

Kasama sa madaling tamaan ang mga senior citizen na meron nang inlindang mga sakit at sila karaniwan ang nasa severe at kritikal na kalagayan. KALINISAN

Marami ang sinasabing paraan para maging malinis ang tao at hindi basta matamaan ng COVID-19.

Kasama sa mga dapat awin ang laging paglilinis ng amay at huwag nang makipagkamay pa sa iba.

Kapag umubo, magtakip ng bunganga at pinakamagan-dang hindi palad ang gamitin kundi ibang bahagi ng kamay

Kapag umubo ka, huwag mong idura ang laway o laman ng bunganga mo kung saan-saan dahil maaaring mahawa sa sakit mo ang iba na mahawak o makasagi sa iyong laway o plema.

Ang mga bahay, opisina, pabrika at iba pa ay dapat na magkaroon ng mga panlinis sa kamay sa pintuan pa lang.

Maaaring hand sanitizer o alcohol na 70 percent.

Maganda ring magsuot ng face mask.

Kung walang mabili sa mga botika at tindahan ng medical supplies, pwede nang magpatahi.

Ang lahat ng tsuper sa pampublikong sasakyan ay dapat na magsuot ng face mask na maaaring gawa ng mga mananahi kung wala na talagang mabiling surgical face mask o N95 mask

MAGBABASURA

Ang mga magbabasura, mga Bro, ang kabilang sa mga nakatatakot na makontak nang pisikal.

Maaaring sila ang makapulot ng mga face rnask at tissue paper na Itinatapon ng mga may sakit.

Maaaring sila ang naglilinis ng mga dura at laway ng mga may sakit.

At kung iisipin, kasama ng mga magbabasura ang mga room boy o girl ng mga hotel, motel, apartelle, at iba pa.

Kasama rin ang mga janitor, ang mga tauhan ng mga garbage truck at iba pa.

Dapat maturuan nang husto ang mga ito na magpanatili ng personal nilang ka-

PAMILYA BARANGAY

Magandang magkaroon ng malawakang kampanya sa mga pamilya at barangay ukol sa kung paano lalaban sa COVID-19

Marami sa mga pamilya at barangay ang hindi alam kung ano ang gagawin para sa kalusugan at kali-

At lalong walang alam kung paaano lugnay ng kalinisan at magandang kalusugan sa pakikipag-laban sa nasabing sakit.

Alalahanin na marami sa mga ito ang kumakapit sa paniniwalang nasa Diyos ang kontrol sa sakit at magkakasakit o mamamatay ka, ang Diyos ang may gawa niyan.

Yun bang === walang pakialam ang mga ito sa siventipikong pamamaraan ng pagkamit ng kalinisan at kalusugan bilang panlaban

Magandang gawin ang mga kampanya sa mga barangay hall at eskwela.

Ito'y para matiyak na mula sa bata hanggang matanda ay magkaroon ng ma-

linaw na kaalaman dito. KAMPANYANG LGU

Habang tinitipa natin ito, may mga munisipyo na sa mga lalawigan na nagsasagawa na ng kampanya la-ban sa COVID-19.

Maganda ang balitang ito at galing na mismo ang kautusan para rito mula sa Department of Interior and Local Government.

Napakalakas talaga ang LGU na partner ng mga kinauukulang ahensya ng pambansang pamahalaan para labanan ang COVID-19 kahit sa antas ng pagpigil ng pagpasok nito sa mga LGU.

Sabi nila, nasa isipan ng mga taga-barangay, muni-sipyo, lungsod at lalawigan na may naltalang COVID-19 ersons under investigation kahit saan.

At hindi imposibleng umabot sa mga LGU ang malaganap na COVID-19.

Dapat magpursige tayong lahat na magkaisa at magtulungan sa giyera sa sakit na ito.

Huwang nating hintayin na magkaroon ng mga lockdown sa tao, pagkain, gamot at iba pa na talagang erwisyo, at pagkakaospital at kamatayan sa ating pamilya, barangay, muni-sipyo, lungsod at lalawigan.

Anomang reaksyon o reklamo, maaaring iparating sa 0922840-3333 o i-email sa bantiporda@ yahoo. DATE