



The Manila Times





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Open-pit mining bar lifting boosts secto

BY DEXTER A. SEE

AGUIO CITY: The Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) has projected doubling of the number of mines in the country with easing of restrictions on processing of mining permits and lifting of the ban on open-pit mining.

Marshall Mateo, chief science research specialist of the MGB central office's Mine Safety, Environment and Social Development Division, over the weekend said the more than 100 mines in the Philippines at present are expected to double in number with renewed processing of the permits to operate that had been pending over the past several years and the lifting of the ban enforced by the Duterte administration

He added that the previous 1

percent contribution of mining to the gross domestic product (GDP) is also seen doubling with the opening of more mines.

Mateo said the suspension of the processing of mineral production sharing agreements or MPSAs and other mining permits and the implementation of the ban on open-pit mining greatly affected the country's mining industry over the past several years, forcing some companies to close their mine sites and abandon their mining activities and affecting the overall

state of the industry.

He said since the start of the processing of the mining permits and the lifting of the ban on openpit mining last year, many mining companies with pending permits started to work on their applications to allow them to start their operations.

MGB officials from various regional offices joined mining industry stakeholders at the 68th Annual National Mine Safety and Environment Conference of the Philippine Mine Safety and Environment Association (PMSEA) held last week in Baguio City.

The PMSEA is a volunteer organization that is strongly advocating for responsible mining and remains to be the frontrunner in occupational health and safety, sound environmental management, and social development.

Mateo said prospects of mining in the country remain bright because of prevailing high metal prices in the world market coupled with the presence of mineralized areas in different parts of the Philippines.

Environment Secretary Ma. Antonia Yulo-Loyzaga said the government supports responsible mining in the context of overall goals of inclusivity, resiliency and sustainable development.

Yulo-Loyzaga reminded mining companies not to be satisfied with their compliance with rules on responsible mining but instead elevate the same to higher levels that will contribute to the country's growth:

She attended the minerals industry symposium and the Presidential Minerals Industry Environmental Awards, among the activities lined up during the weeklong annual national mine safety and environment conference of the FMSEA.













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GOV'T 'ON BOARD' THE IDEA

CARBON CREDIT TRADING MAY SOON BE A THING IN PH, SAYS DMCI UNIT

3y Jordeene B. Lagare @jordeenelagare

OMCI Mining Corp., a unit of Consunji-led DMCI Holdings ac., wants a carbon credit sysem put up in the Philippines in he hopes of beefing up global afforts to fight climate change.

With President Marcos, who is concurrently sitting as the country's agriculture minister, and Environment Secretary Maria Antonia Yulo-Loyzaga "on board" with the concept, DMCI Mining president Tulsi Das Reyes told reporters a system could be in place in six years' time.

Carbon credits are usually created by individuals or projects, say renewable energy plants or farmlands, that destroy or offset greenhouse gases. These are then purchased by individuals or companies that make unavoidable carbon dioxide emissions as a result of their production or operations.

According to financial jargon go-to Investopedia, these credits are usually sold or bought through a cap-and-trade program. A company will only be allowed a certain level of emission, going beyond such limit means it will have to buy credits from another party. Over time, the limit will train the company to reducing its emissions—

and by going below its cap, it can make money by selling its extra credits.

"We're after carbon credits. In our country, we don't have a framework for carbon credits," Reyes said, adding: "We were burning a lot of fossil fuels ... and there's no commercial value to that, there's no story to that ... I think it's about time the Philippines become a leader in that."

Reyes said Japanese trading company Marubeni Corp. has been helping various companies worldwide offset their carbon dioxide emissions.

"What's nice about Secretary Loyzaga is that's one of her primary ideas to put forward this thing. We would like to help her, with Marubeni our partner. Marubeni has a global framework. They've done it in other countries before," he said.

Reyes said the plan would complement the government's national greening program.

"We would like to make this thing because if you canhave the national greening program ... that's already a good foundation," he said.

He is referring to the initiative of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, which aims to cover 2 million hectares in vulnerable areas planted with trees by 2028. INQ



Malaya Business Insight











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DMCI offers to help DENR

craft carbon credits framework

BY JED MACAPAGAL

DMCI Mining Corp. has offered to help the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) create a national framework for carbon credits.

Carbon credits are tradable certificates for the right to emit an equivalent amount of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases.

Tulsi Das Reyes, DMCI Mining president, in a briefing in Makati City last week, said the proposal was tackled with DENR Secretary Maria Antonia Yulo-Loyzaga.

"In our country, we don't have a framework for carbon credits... We would like to help (DENR) with Marubeni (Corp.), our partner which has a global framework. They've done it in other countries before (and) they would like to share it in the Philippines," Reyes said.

Marubeni is a Japanese firm that

has been involved with several projects of DMCI Mining's parent firm and affiliates.

The carbon credits framework complements the current National

Greening Program which aims to rehabilitate all remaining unproductive, denuded and degraded forestlands estimated at 7.1 million hectares.

DMCI Mining added when implemented, a national carbon credit framework may also further persuade transnational companies to operate in the Philippines.

In the absence of a national framework for carbon credits, local government units have implemented their own.

Earlier this year, the provincial

government of Negros Oriental launched an ordinance for incentivizing incoming renewable energy investors through carbon credits.



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DMCI Mining bats for carbon credit scheme

DMCI Mining Corp. said it proposed that the government adopt a carbon credits framework to help offset the continued use of fossil fuels.

DMCI Mining President Tulsi Das C. Reyes said the company met with the Environment department to make the proposal.

"We don't have a framework for carbon credit in the Philippines. We were burning a lot of fossil fuels. There's no commercial value to that, there's no story to that. We're not doing this type of protection of trees. I think it is about time the Philippines becomes a leader in that," Mr. Reyes said in a briefing last week.

Mr. Reyes said that the national greening program of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) could be the foundation for the carbon credit framework, by providing an

avenue tor emitters to offset their continued use of fossil energy.

The national greening program seeks to restore denuded forests, making it a possible candidate for companies seeking offsets.

"We would like to help the DENR with Marubeni., our partner. Marubeni (a Japanese trading company) has a global framework and they've done it in other countries before. If you use the national greening program, that is already a good foundation," Mr. Reyes said.

"All the transnational players need the carbon credits. If you don't have that, that is just one less opportunity to win this out. I think within the next six years, you'll see improvements in that space and we need it now," he added.

DMCI Mining is a unit of DMCI Holdings, Inc. — Revin Mikhael D. Ochave







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DMCI seeks carbon credit

We're after carbon credits. In our country, we don't have a framework for carbon credits

BY MARIA ROMERO

@tribunephl_mbr

Consunji-led DMCI Mining Corp. is proposing that the government adopt guidelines to obtain carbon credits from green projects in the country, especially among mining companies, to advance the fight against climate change. During a chat with reporters last week, DMCI Mining president Tulsi Das Reyes disclosed that President and Agriculture chief Ferdinand R. Marcos Jr. and Environment Secretary Maria Antonia Yulo-Loyzaga are "on board" with the proposal to help the private sector limit greenhouse gas emissions. "We're after carbon credits.

In our country, we don't have a framework for carbon credits. What's nice about Secretary Loyzaga is that's one of her primary ideas is to put forward this thing," Reyes told reporters.

"We would like to help her with Marubeni, our expected in the first half. Conspartner. Marubeni has a global framework. They've shipments only fell by 25 percent done it in other countries before," he added. metric tons to 1.09 million WMT.

Carbon credits, also known as carbon offsets, are permits that allow the owner to emit a certain amount of carbon dioxide or other greenhouse gases.

Emission limit

Usually, a credit allows a certain company to emit one ton of carbon dioxide or the equivalent in other greenhouse gases.

For the first nine months of the year, lower nickel ore shipments and average nickel grade sales slashed DMCI Mining's net income by 17 percent to P1.17 billion during the period from P1.41 billion a year ago.

What's nice about Secretary Loyzaga is that's one of her primary ideas is to put forward this thing.

During the third quarter alone, net income went down by 56 percent from P181 million to P80 million due to the combined effect of lower shipment, flattish nickel grade sold, higher selling prices, and favorable average foreign exchange rates.

Total shipments declined stowly from January to September as the Berong mine did better than expected in the first half. Consequently, nickel ore shipments only fell by 25 percent from 1.45 million wet metric tons to 1.09 million WMT.









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Diokno: Strengthen climate policies

We must urgently increase the availability of adaptation and resilience finance, particularly for sustainable and climate-resilient infrastructure

BY TIZIANA CELINE PIATOS

@tribunephl_tiz

Finance Secretary Benjamin Diokno urged policymakers and experts to invest in adoption efforts to lessen the risks and tragedies associated with climate change.

In a recent Climate Investment Forum hosted by the Climate Change Commission, Diokno said the government has been forced to prioritize catastrophe risks and the effects of climate change due to the country's significant vulnerability to disaster and climate risks.

"We must urgently increase the availability of adaptation and resilience finance, particularly for sustainable and climate-resilient infrastructure," Diokno said.

According to Diokno, the private sector plays an important role in achieving a just transition towards a low-carbon economy.

These transitions include the changes in energy use, the

development and use of new technologies, and the creation of climate-resilient communities while considering ecosystem integrity and natural resources.

Diokno also noted the commitment of the Philippine government on "strengthening its policies on climate financing (and) mainstreaming sustainable finance in all possible ways through policy and harmonization."

In addition, the Department of Finance and the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas had built a sustainable finance ecosystem to facilitate investments in green projects and foster the development of greener regulations to promote private sector participation.

WB's stand

For its part, the World Bank has made available its Country Climate and Development Report for the Philippines, which details how climate change will affect the nation's economic growth and emphasizes the crucial role that business plays in addressing climate change.

Dr. Ndiame Diop, World Bank's country director for Brunei, Malaysia, the Philippines, and Thailand at the World Bank, said WB has a "very strong commitment" to supporting the efforts of the government, the Climate Change Commission, and all the agencies in this endeavor.

"We have actually achieved quite

Bank we are very committed to do more to really address this emergency,"
Report Diop said.

Private sector serves as a key pillar in a fair transition to a low-carbon economy.

The World Bank, a long-time ally of the Philippines, has contributed to laying the framework for important initiatives to lower greenhouse gas emissions, strengthen climate resilience, and increase readiness for and response to natural catastrophes. About 46 percent of their pledges for FY2022 go toward climate action.





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Paglaban sa climate change, ngayon na



LRAY VILLAFUERTE

a panahon ngayon, kailangan po ay magsanib puwersa ang iba't ibang bansa para sabay-sabay tutukan ang mga isyung nangangailangan ng pansin upang mapabilis ang pagrekober sa idinulot ng pandemya sa sangkatauhan.

Dito po sa nagdaang dalawang biyahe ng ating Pangulong Marcos—sa 40th and 41st Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Summit na ginanap sa Cambodia at 29th Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) Economic Leaders Meeting (AELM) sa Bangkok, Thailandnapokus ang atensyon ng mga lider sa tatlong isyu tulad ng food security, global health system at lalo na po ang climate action.

At nakakatuwa po na nakita natin sa mga biyaheng ito na parang si Pangulong Marcos ang lumalabas na 'pointman' o punong tagasulong sa developing economies na tinatamaan ng hagupit ng climate change. Ipinaalala ni Ginoong Marcos ang pinangako ng mga mayaya-mang bansa noong 2009 pa.

Natural lamang po na manghingi ng tulong ang mga bansang gaya ng Pilipinas dahil base sa datos at mga pag-aaral ay tayo 'yung maliit ang GHG emission o greenhouse gases emission pero tayo naman ang unang nalilintikan sa global warming. Ang may malaki pong panana-gutan at nagpapalala sa climate change ay ang mga mayayamang bansa, sila ang mas malakas magdulot ng polusyon.

Mas malakas magdulot ng polusyon.

Ang pagtaas po ng temperatura ng mundo ay nagdudulot ng mas malalakas na bagyo, malawakang pagbaha, tagtuyot at iba pang panganib sa klima.

At mistulang kampeon ng mga bansang apektado ng climate change ang ating Pangulong Marcos dahil sa kanyang matibay na paninindigan na dapat tumulong ang mga mayayamang bansa tumulong ang mga mayayamang bansa

upang maibsan ang matinding epekto ng tumataas na temperatura ng mundo. Sa APEC forum, inulit ni Marcos

ang pangako ng Pilipinas na sasali sa nagabibigay ng solusyon batay sa mga napagkasunduan para maproteksyunan ang kalikasan at mabaliktad ang krisis sa klima. Kasama sa mga kasunduang ito ang United Nations (UN) Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) of 1992 at ang Paris Climate Accords (Paris Agreement) of 2015.

May moral high ground po o 'K' ang ating Pangulo na kumamada d'yan dahil nga po halos lahat ng umuunlad na bansa ay apektado ng polusyon dulot ng mga mayayamang bansa gaya ng America at China. Bilang ating Pangulo, tungkulin niya na ipaglaban tayo dahil ang Pilipinas ay isa kung hindi man nangungunang 'most vulnerable' o mas tinatamaan at mas nagiging kawawa sa lumalalang panganib hatid ng pagbabago sa klima tulad ng mga malalakas na bagyo, biglaang pagbaha at matagal na tagtuy

Sa AELM Retreat Session ay binalaan ni Pangulong Marcos ang mga lider ng iba't ibang bansa sa panibagong hamon na tinawag niyang "greatest environ-mental challenges of all time" na nangangailangan ng matatag at sama-samang aksyon ng mga bansa

Sa halip na magmukmok sa kabiguan ng mga bansa na tuparin ang kanilang naunang commitment na magbigay ng \$100 bilyong financial aid sa mga umuunlad na bansa, ay naglatag ang Pangulo ng mga programa sa Pilipinas upang makatulong sa epekto ng pagbabago ng klima

Sa mga hindi po nakakaalam, ang ating bansa ay nakapokus na sa direksyon ng pagbabawas sa paggamit ng fossil fuel at mas gumagamit ng renewable energy (RE) gaya ng solar at wind power sa pag-

gawa ng kuryente.
Sa APEC CEO meeting sa Bangkok, sinabi ng Pangulo na prayoridad ng Pilipinas ang paggamit ng hydrothermal, geothermal, solar power, wind power at iba pang low-emission energy source. Target ng Pilipinas na itaas sa 35% ang ginagamit na RE sa paggawa ng kuryente

sa 2030 at 50% sa taong 2040.

Sa ASFAN Summit na ginanap sa Cambodia ay iginiit din ng ating Pangulo ang pangangailangan na sama-samang tugunan ar g climate change at ang pagtulong ng mga mayayamang bansa sa mga lubhang naapektuhang bansa gaya ng Pilipina:

Hiniling din ni Pangulong Marcos ang pagpapalawak ng kooperasyon ng mga miyembro at nanawagan sa Estados Unidos na suportahan ang pandaigdigang laban sa c i nate change

Sa sideline ng ASEAN Summit, kinausap ni Pangulong Marcos si Canadian Prime Mirister Justin Trudeau kaugnay ng pangang ailangang tugunan ang climate crisis kung saan kanyang binanggit ang ka cuibang pinsalang inihatid ng bagyong 'Paeng' na nakaapekto sa buong bansa.

Tama ar g Pangulo dahil kung ba-batay sa ulat ng National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) noong Nobyembre 19, ang bagyong 'Paeng' ay kumitil ng buhay ng 164 katao, sumira ng P5.8B halaga ng imprastraktura P7.2B halaga sa agrikultura, at nakaape co sa 14.47 milyong pamilya o 5.98 milyon; indibidwal.

5.98 milyong indibidwal.
Sa pagda o naman sa 77th session ng
UN General Assembly (UNGA) sa New
York noong Setyembre, ipinaalala ng
Pangulo sa nga mayayamang bansa ang
pagkabigo ng mga ito na magbigay ng
pinansyal at teknikal na suporta sa mga
bansa na lithang apektado ng climate
change gaya ng Pilipinas.
Ang ating Pangulong Marcos ay nagpapasimuno na ng pagkilos laban sa
climate change pero hindi po natin siya
dapat hayaang mag-isa. May maiturulong

dapat hayaang mag-isa. May maitutulong din tayo biling mamamayan. Iwasan po natin ang niga bagay na nakakasira ng ating kalika an.

Maaring sabihing maliit na kontribusyon lamang ang magagawa natin pero kung lahat pe tayo ay kikilos at magma-malasakit sa kapaligiran, malaking bagay pa rin ito. andaan, may maitutulong

Alalayan ratin si Pangulong Marcos sa pag-aksyon aban sa climate change. At ang laban na to ay ngayon na!









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GREEN ALTERNATIVES TO SACHETS

MORE BIODEGRADABLE REPLACEMENTS FOR PLASTICS EYED

By Krixia Subingsubing @krixiasINQ

New innovations could eventually help the Philippines transition to a more "sustainable sachet economy," scientists said on Thursday, as they allayed concerns that the country's plastic sachet culture was nothing but inevitable.

During a forum on microplastics hosted by the Department of Science and Technology (DOST), scientists Deo Florence Onda and Rey Capangpangan said the use of sachets—small pouches made of single-use plastics—could actually be maintained, but should be replaced with more biodegradable materials.

Onda and Capangpangan presented separate but concurring research into microplastics, or microscopic degraded plastic debris, in the Philippines' marine ecosystems.

Both found that microplastics were now being ingested by marine life like shellfish and pelagic fish (those that live in water columns).

This was symptomatic of the country's larger problem with plastic pollution, to which the Philippines contributes about 0.75 million metric



COMMON SIGHT A storekeeper arranges different brands of drinks in sachets at a "sari-sari" store in Quezon City.

—GRIG C. MONTEGRANDE

tons to the ocean every year, said Science Secretary Renato Solidum Jr.

In particular, Onda's team, which began building a database on the macro—and microplastics found in coastal and marine environments, found that sachets were among the top culprits of plastic pollution in the Philippines.

"The use of sachets [caters] to a certain socioeconomic problem," said Onda, who is also deputy director for re-

search at the University of the Philippines' Marine Science Institute. "However, science can help assist the transition to a more sustainable type of sachet."

The DOST already has several studies on possible green alternatives to plastics, such as seaweed or hemp (abaca), Onda noted.

By exploring these alternatives, "you're not only replacing the material, but you're also helping sustain the economy, because you're helping create [livelihood] for the farmers of these materials."

Ultimately, this can even help the Philippines' shift to a more circular economy, where waste is reduced to a minimum through repurposing or creating more sustainable value chains, Capangpangan said.

He said Filipino scientists could even explore the "atom economy," or pollution prevention at a molecular level by replacing components of the material.

"We can always make modifications through the proper choice of raw materials," he added.

While the country's scientists work on possible alternatives, the national government is beefing up efforts to first address public behavior toward plastics while working on big structural changes to address plastic pollution.

Assistant Environment Secretary Daniel Nicer said the Department of Environment and Natural Resources was set to release the implementing rules and regulations for the newly passed Extended Producer Responsibility law, which requires have companies to keep a large percentage of their wastes away from landfills, 100













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Can the world adopt a global plastics treaty:

unta del Este, Uruguay—The stakes are high after the United Nations approved a landmark agreement early this year to create the world's first-ever global plastics pollution treaty. Adopted upon the conclusion of the fifth session of the United Nations Environment Assembly (UNEA 5.2) held in Nairobi, Kenya, the resolution mandates global leaders and other stakeholders to convene the First Intergovernmental Negotiating Committee (INC-1), which is happening this week (Nov. 28 to Dec. 2) in Punta del Este, Uruguay.

The mandate, titled "End plastic pollution: Towards an international legally binding instrument," sets the stage for governments to negotiate a comprehensive and legally binding treaty that will cover measures along the entire life cycle of plastic. The task of the INC is huge given the steer in the development of the treaty itself and the timeline of having the treaty adopted in early 2025.

A 2017 report by the Center for International Environmental Law has stated that 99 percent of plastics come from fossil fuels. The oil and gas industry is dead set to put plastics as a hedge for the pressure to decarbonize and leave fossil fuel on the ground. Think tanks and environmental groups have already traced the financial investments on plastic production of banks, international financial institutions, investors, so-called "development" banks, and governments that have played a central role in the provision of finance, loans, tax incentives, and insurance in enabling the limitless production of plastic.

Indeed, plastics visually represent the obsession of capitalism with profits and expansion of production. In her book "Plastic Unlimited," Alice Mah has stated that "the capitalist pursuit of unlimited growth is the key problem underlying the plastics crisis." Further,

COMMENTARY

JED ALEGADO

the book says that the increasing role of stateowned integrated oil enterprises in Asia and the Middle East, accounting for 30 percent of the leading plastics producers, illustrates the entanglement of state and industry interests as plastic production tries to find new regional markets due to Green New Deal and the European Union's ban on single-use plastics.

Asian government must carefully tread the so-called greenwashing mechanisms and market-based false solutions that are being peddled by the industry. Moreover, corporations have been embracing the circular economy agenda, although some are co-opting the vision of a circular economy through empty commitments and circularity of plastics using green techno-fixes.

The industry players have long duped the public with the narrative that the crisis is a marine litter issue or an issue of discipline among the public, especially citizens from developing countries. Thus, it has sponsored clean-ups that were seen as public stunts to deodorize their role in this burgeoning environmental crisis. For the last five years, groups under the Break Free From Plastic coalition has released its annual brand audit report, which exposes the real culprits of the plastic pollution crisis. This citizen science initiative has shifted the narrative that ordinary citizens and local government units, which lack the infrastructure for a robust Western-paradigm waste management system, are to be blamed.

The Ellen MacArthur Foundation and the

United Nations Environment Programme together launched the New Plastics Economy Global Commitment in 2018. This initiative focused on a set of voluntary commitment to address plastic pollution issued by major fast-moving consumer goods companies, including most of the top plastic polluters identified in the brand audic report. This year, Global Commitment 2022 progress report revealed that their 2025 targets will "almost certainly" not be met.

As government leaders and other stake-holders converge in Uruguay for INC-1, it is high time that a global plastics treaty will be enacted following the timeline. This treaty should provide legally binding mechanisms and enforcement policies to effectively reduce the amount of plastic, both produced and used by corporations, and makes polluters accountable. Further, corporate polluters must be compelled to invest in reuse and alternative product delivery systems that avoid the plastic scourge in the first place.

On the other hand, financial investments must flow to decentralized and grassroots-led zero waste management systems, especially local government units from developing countries. The INC-1 meeting is a step in the right direction in order for key systemic changes to happen, and for the world to avert the ramifications of climate and the plastic pollution crises.

Jed Alegado is currently a doctoral researcher at Crawford School of Public Policy at The Australian National University in Canberra, Australia. He has worked with nonprofit organizations and environmental movements in the Asia Pacific region in the areas of advocacy, campaigns, and communications for more than a decade. He is also a part-time lecturer at Ateneo de Manila University.











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The Mindanao Development Authority will seek the mounta

inclusion as a Unesco World Heritage Site

stop to farming and other dis- fining its boundaries. ruptive human activities within Mindanao Development the protected area of Mt. Apo, Authority (MinDA) Secretary

supervisor of the Mount Apo for the inclusion of Mt. Apo in Natural Park in Cotabato prov- the United Nations Educational, natural resources. ince, admitted that farming ac- Scientific and Cultural Organitivities, particularly coffee grow- zation's (Unesco) list of World implementing the law," said ing, had already encroached into Heritage Sites, hence, the need Uy, foreseeing some difficulties

the protected mountain range to strictly impose the law. for years, although some of the farmers were already in the area boundary areas of Davao City DAVAO CITY-The govern- even before the passing in 2003 and the provinces of Davao del ment plans to strictly imple- of Republic Act No. 9237, the law ment the law that will put a that declared it as protected, de-

the country's highest peak. Maria Belen Acosta said the Shirley Uy, protected area government would vie again

Mt. Apc, which spans the Sur and Cotabato, was declared a national park in May 1936. In 2009, the mountain already made it to Unesco's list of tentative sites but was stricken off the list in 2015 because of disruptive activities within it, including the destruction of forests and other

"Little by little we will be

with those who run the farms in tain, especially those who brandthe area.

She also said that even out- Mt. Apo and whose coffee quality that would ensure protection of oside the protected area, identi- had gained international awards. the rountain and its resources, fied as zones for the multiple av at use, only organic farming and the use of endemic species of see But Acosta said the provi- formed to study the extent of plants were allowed by law. sion in the law was clear.

callow organic agriculture inside it should not be planted with multiple use zones. Trees and coffee. There should be a clear Mir DA's policy formulation, other vegetation should not be delineation between the prodestroyed," she added.

This was expected to worry coffee growers along the foothills of the 2,954-meter moundaing the launching here on budgetary requirements. No

aned their specialty products after

"The correct term is we only "If it is a protected area tected part of Mt. Apo and what was already designated as agricultural [area]," Acosta said

Wednesday of the Mt. Apo Rescue and Conservation Center

tan had spening too time soll A costa Asaid 9 an technical Law is clear an 19 you working group had already been the center's work and the gaps that t would need to address.

> Joey Recimilla, head of the planning and project development office, said they still have to propose the creation of the center in congress, including its





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NI JON-JON REYES

MPD nagsagawa ng coastal cleanup drive sa Dolomite B

NI JON-JON

REYES
NAGSAGAWA ng isang
coastal malawakang coastal cleanup drive ang pamu-nuan ng Manila Police District Police Station.5 District Police Station.5
ng Ermita, Manila katuwang ang kanilang Station Advisory Group sa
paumuno ni Police
Lt.Col.Leandro Gutierrez,
hepe ng nasabing station,
at Punong Barangay Arlene Divinagracia, chairman ng Station Advisory
Group ng P.S 5,,
Bago pa man pumutok
ang haring araw nitong Sabado ng umaga, sinimulan
na ng mga tauhan ng MPD
Ermita Police Station, katuwang ang mga membro ng

wang ang mga membro ng SAG,ang paglilinis at pag-pulot ng mga basura sa dalampasigan ng Dolomite Beach sa Roxas Blvd.

Tumulong sa paglilinis ang iba't ibang sektor bilang suporta sa Kasimbayanan Program ng PNP MPD.

Sa pangunguna ng puno ng PS -5 Advisory Council na si Punong Brgy Divinagracia,ng Barangay 696 kasama ang kanyang mga nasasakupan na kumatawan sa LGU ay naisagawa ang clean upo naisagawa ang clean up

Ang sektor ng edukasyon na kinatawan ni Mrs.Reynora V. Laurenciano, Principal ng Justo Lukban Elementary School

Lukban Elementary School at ang kanyang mga kasamang mga guro ay tumulong din sa kampanya.

Tumulong di si Joey Lat.
Ivy Tagorosa, S.K Chairman kasama mga kabataan (Youth Sector),ang inyong lingkod Jonjon



Nagsagawa ng malawakang coastal c eanup drive ang pamunuan ng MPD PS.5 ng Ermita, Manila,kasama SAG,sa pamumuno ni PLt.Col.Leandro Gutierrez, hepe ng nasabing statio,n at Punong Barangay Arlene Divinagracia, chairman ng Station Advisory Group ng Ermita P.S 5. Kuha ni JON-JON REYES

ng Station Advisory Group
JON-JON REYES
Reyes, photojournalist ng
People's Tonight bilang
media representative.

Mula naman sa
kapulisan na tumulong at
nanguna din sa paglilinis
sa Dolomite beach ay
ang Station Police Strategy
Management Section
Personnel(SPSMS) na sina
PEMS Pamelo A Canonoy
PSSg Joel M Manabat Patrolwoman Ferry Jean C
Aguila PCpl Florie Ann M
Matipo Pat Richard A Pageo at Pat Jonathan D Rubio.

Nagsimulang maglinis
sa tinaguriang Dolomite
Beach bago pa man mag
alas 6:00 ng umaga, kasama rin ang Station Advisory Group maging ang mga
grupo ng KKDAT, River
Warriors, mga Prinsipal at
teacher ng Justo Lukban
Elementary School, mga
kawani ng Department of
Public Safety ng lungsod

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ng Maynila sa pamumuno ni Ofc. Kayle Nicole Amu-rao na siyang pagbibigay suporta ni Manila Mayor Honey Lacuna Pangan at ilang Volungers, Sa Ermi-ta Polungers Station 5.

ta Police Station 5.
Kasama Jin sa nag-supervise si Police Major Pidencio Saballo Jr. alinsunod sa direkt ba ni MPDDirector Police Brigadier
General Andre P. Dizon na
pangalagaan ang Manila
Bay lalo na ang Manila
Dolomite Beach sa Roxas
Blyrd.

Inabot ng halos dala-wang oras sing paglilinis sa Dolomite beach. Payapa, maa liwalas at maayos na misagawa ang programa na kasali sa isunulong ni NCRPO chief, Police Brigadier General Jonnel Estorno ng Seen Appreciated and Felt Extraordinary for Police Officers (SAFE).







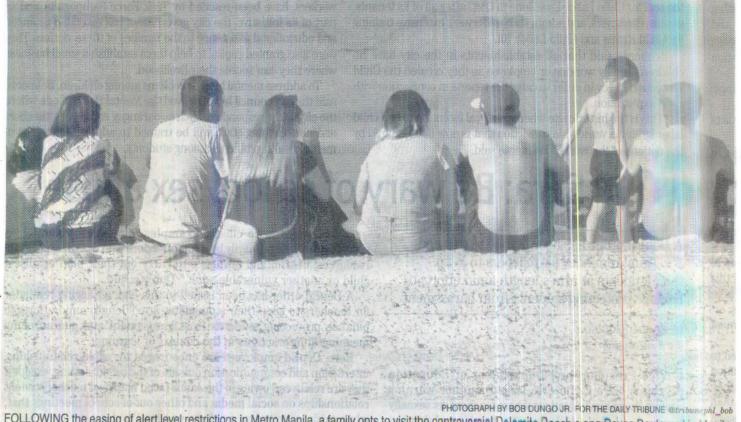


PAGE 1

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EDITORIAL CARTOON

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FOLLOWING the easing of alert level restrictions in Metro Manila, a family opts to visit the controversial Dolomite Beach a ong Roxas Boulevard in Manila.















PAGE 1/2

DATE

Land use, crop yield

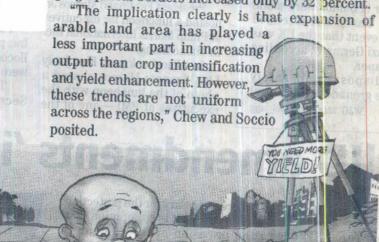
LAMD WEED MO

At the heart of the heated debate on land conversion between senators Raffy Tulfo and Cynthia Villar is the issue of food security as impacted negatively by farmlands allegedly being converted into residential, industrial, or commercial enclaves. Amid the verbal fireworks between a neophyte lawmaker seen to be trying to create buzz for a purported run for higher office and a veteran politician from a family whose wealth has been anchored on real estate development, the issue is nothing new.

Likewise, land conversion is not an exclusive concern for Filipinos as the diminishing share of agricultural lands is a problem that most countries across the world are confronting, especially in Asia. Researchers Ping Chew and Marc Soccio, in a Raboresearch-hosted economic report on Agricultural Perspectives in the Asia-Pacific, have pointed out that "Asia's position in the global food market tilts heavily towards demand due to its huge population and limited agricultural resources."

They drew attention to their finding that while Asia hosts more than half of the global population, it only has a fifth of the world's arable lands. The less-than-ideal share of agriculture visal-vis other land utilizations has traditionally been compounded by lower yields compared to other regions, they said. The study also cited rapidly "depleting resources like water, deteriorating soil quality, inadequate logistics, and inefficient farming practices and land usage."

Those benefiting from land conversion would surely point out that increasing crop yield is more important than increasing the total land area allocated for farming. Data may support this position as, according to the same Raboresearch study, world agriculture production nearly doubled over the last 50 years although farmland share of total land areas across geographical borders increased only by 32 percent.



Those benefiting from land conversion would point out that increasing crop yield is more important than increasing land

allocated

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agriculture from total

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"For instance, Asia only marginally increased

its share of world area harvested but increased its share of world agriculture output from 34 percent in 1963 to 47 percent in 2013. Thus, most of the production growth in land-scarce regions of Asia is due to yield gains and crop intensification. Within Asia, East Asia, where output has tripled with a mere 11 percent increase in area harvested is at the forefront of this trend."

In ensuring food security, however, there should be no conflict between increasing crop yield per hectare and increasing the share of agriculture from total land areas.

They are not one-over-the-other targets but should complement one another if countries like the Philippines would have the capability to feed their people without resorting to importation.

The Philippine Statistics Authority's 2012 Census of Agriculture reported 5.56 million farms or holdings covering 7.19 million hectares, translating to an average of 1.29 hectares per farm holdings. "The number of farms increased from 1980 to 2012 by 62.6 percent as the average area of farms/holdings decreased from 2.84 hectares per holding in 1980 to 1.29 per hectare per holding in 2012," it said.

The increase in farms, as cited by the PSA, is largely irrelevant because they merely resulted from partitioning to smaller hectarage — from 2.84 hectares per unit to 1.29 hectares per farm. What we want to see, of course, is a substantial increase in the total land area utilized for agricultural activities.

It's always entertaining to see lawmakers trade barbs, especially when television cameras are rolling. However, just so we are all on the same page in understanding where we stand as a country in terms of food security, it is high time we come up with newer census and studies on land use.

We want to see not only whether land conversions are eating up arable lands, but also where across the country's many regions can we establish more state-supported farming enterprises to increase farm output both through increased yield and increased percentage of land allocated for agriculture.









PAGE 1

PAGE

Samar Island National Park gets huge boost

Gabon says the company started its tree planting program in 2020 in Concepcion village in Paranas town

BY ELMER RECUERDO

TITLE

CATBALOGAN CITY - The Samar Island National Park received at least 5,000 seedlings of mahogany tree planted by a mining company doing an exploration work for possible bauxite extraction in Samar.

Marcventures Holdings Inc. community relations officer Arlene Gabon disclosed that the tree planting is part of the firm's commitment to help improve the forest cover of Samar, contribute to climate change mitigation, and provide livelihood to impoverished farmers, many of whom are engaged in slash and burn farming in the area.

"Mahogany is not only a hardwood but is also endemic in Samar," Gabon said. "The tree is also used by traditional healers for their medicinal value."

She added that the company started its tree planting program in 2020 in Concepcion village in Paranas town and it is also implementing community development projects in the 49 villages in six municipalities in Samar that are within the areas covered by MHI's mineral production sharing agreement.

MHI has two subsidiaries - Alumina Mining Phils. Inc. and Bauxite Resources Inc. loing mining exploration in 11,000 hectares of land in the towns of Paranas, Motiong, Gandara, San Jorge, San Jose de Buan and Matuguinao.

Gabon said MHI is constructing two multipurpose buildings and two potable water systems in different villages as the CPD implementation. She said the projects were identified by members of the community themselves.

The CDP fund is equivalent to 10 percent of the exploration















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PINANGUNAHAN ni Customs Commissioner Yogi Filemon Ruiz ang nationwide tree planting program ng BOC bilang pagsuporta sa panawagan ni Pangulong "Bongbong" Marcos, Jr. sa massive reforestation upang maiwasan ang flash flood sa tuwing may kalamidad. Kasama ni Commissioner Ruiz si Batangas Port Collector, Atty. Rhea Gregorio, sa 'Puno Para Sa Kinabukasan' event sa Sitio Bulihan, Brgy. Tabangao, Ambulong, Batangas City. Ambulong, Batangas City.















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RUIZ PINANGUNAYAN

E00 TRIES PLANGING

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cloner yegi Filmon Ruiz
eng nationwide (re-planting program ng E00 bilang
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Ruiz ef Balangas Port Collector Atty Rina Gregorio
en eftito Bullian, Brey, Tabangao, Ambulong, Estangas City.









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PINANGUNAHAN ni Customs Commissioner Yogi Filemon Ruiz ang nationwide tree planting program ng BOC bilang suporta sa panawagan ni Pangulong Bongbong Marcos Jr. sa massive reforestation upang maiwasan ang flash flood tuwing may kalamidad. Kasama ni Commissioner Ruiz si Batangas Port Collector Atty Rhea Gregorio sa Puno para sa kinabukasan event kahapon sa Sitio Bulihan, Brgy. Tabangao, Ambulong, Batangas City.









PAGE

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Mga parke sa lungsod, bukas na espasyo gagawing bahagi ng turismo

Ang pagpapaunlad ng mga urban

Ang pagpapaunlad ng mga urban park at open space ay isa sa mga prayoridad ng Pilipinas sa pag-iba-iba ng kanilang portfolio ng turismo para sa post-pandemic na paglalakbay.

Sa unang Philippine Parks Congress ng nakaraang linggo ay nagpahayag ng pag-asa si Tourism Secretary Christina Frasco na makakita ng mas maraming parke sa loob at labas ng Metro Manila—mga 'world-class' na maaring pasyalan ng mga Pilipino at mga bisitang dayuhan.

"Ang mga parke ay mahalaga dahil ito ay nagbibigay-daan sa atin at sa ating mga pamilya na makipag-ugnayan sa kalikasan, na gumugol ng kalidad ng oras sa isa't isa, at upang ipaalala sa atin na sa kabila ng kung gaano kaabala ang buhay dapat tayong palaging magliaan ng oras upang magpahinga, maglibang, at maglaan ng oras upang magpahinga, maglibang ng oras upang maglaan ng

pampublikong bukas na espasyo ay protektado mula sa masamang epel to ng hindi reguladong turismo.

Sa Rizal at Paco Parks pa lamang, sin ti niyang umabot na sa 3 milyon ang mg bisita mula Enero hanggang Nobyemi na 2022, mula sa 1.5 milyon na na tala mi ka sa parehong panahon noong 2021.

Binigyang diin din ni Nayong Piliping Foundation Executive Director Gertie Duran Batocabe ang pangangailangang gawing mas inklusibo ang mga kultura na imprastraktura at mga open space.

Aniya ang Philippine Development Plan 2017-2022 ay binibigyang-diin na ang mga kultural na imprastraktura at mga bukas na espasyo ay dapat na maging mas inklusibo upang bigyang-daa i ang dayalogo at kultural na pagpapaltan. Ang mga parke ay nagtataguyod na sining pamana kultural na pagpapaltan.

ang dayalogo at kultural na pagpapaltan. Ang mga parke ay nagtataguyod ng sining, pamana, kultura at iba pang kaugnay na domain ng industriya ng malikhaing Pilipinas.

Ang tatlong araw na Parks Congressay ginanap upang tipunin ang mga stakeholder ng publiko at pribadong sektor na kasama sa pagbuo ng urbar parks at green spaces upang ilatag ang pundasyon para sa paglikha ng isang national framework para sa pagpapaunlad ng mga parke sa kalunsuran ng Pilipinas. (Mina Navarro)



RusinessWorl





PAGE 1





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Seaside development in Batangas nests sea turtles

HAMILO COAST, a master-planned seaside residential community in Nasugbu, Batangas, has manifested its readiness to take care of oliveridley sea turtles by making the 40-hectare development a nesting

ground for the species.

Named after their olive-green color, olive ridley sea turtles are known for their heart-shaped shells and are considered among the world's smallest sea turtles. The females of the species return to the same beach they hatched on to spawn or lay their own eggs, and bury them in sand nests to incubate for 45 to 72 days.

To keep these eggs safe and undisturbed, Hamilo Coast estate personnel install nest cages and monitor these regularly, following the guidelines of the World Wide Fund for Nature Philippines (WWF). With nest cages protecting the eggs from predators, their chances for survival significantly rise. In just a few weeks, these eggs will crack, and hatchlings will emerge within three to seven days to reach the surface and race towards the ocean.

CDHI Assistant Vice Park

CDHI Assistant Vice President for Estate Management and Operations

and race towards the ocean.

CDHI Assistant Vice President for Estate Management and Operations Franklin M. Bolalin asserted that "protecting the turtles is just one of several measures we take to make Hamilo Coast a safe haven, not just for its residents and guests but also for marine wildlife."

Recently, turtle hatchlings were released to the ocean by the SM Leisure Resort Residences team in Pico de Loro Cove. New nest cages were also installed in Santelmo Cove, awaiting the hatchlings' emergence in the weeks to come. A total of 56 olive ridley sea furtles have been released as of mid-Nov. 2022 in Hamilo Coast.

Protecting these turtles is just one of CDHI's ways of establishing sustainable practices. In partnership with WWF, CDMI has been expanding and enhancing the scope of its sustainability program as part of a long-term strategic framework in the Hamilo Coast development.

As a result, Hamilo Coast is a recipient of the Longest Sustainability Partner award from the WWF. The recognition now further inspires it to embrace sustainable tourism and develop its area without compromising the quality of water and wildlife in the vicinity.

"Our sustainability efforts, in partnership with WWF, have created a positive impact in the Philippine Lourism industry." Mr. Bolalin said. "We hope to continue encouraging seaside developments in the country to prioritize the conservation and protection of our beautiful marine resources."



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28-22

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Magnitude 5 quake rocks Surigao Sur

A magnitude 5 earthquake rocked Surigao del Sur yesterday.

(Turn to Page 2)

Magnitude 5 ...

(From Page 1)

The Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (Phivolcs) said the epicenter of the earthquake was 30 kilometers northeast of Cortes, Surigao del Sur. The tremor at 12:43 p.m. recorded at Intensity II in Tano. Surigao del Sur and Intensity I in Cabadbaran City, Agusan del Norte.

The earthquake was tectonic, caused by the movement of an active fault in the area.

Phivolcs advised the public to stay vigilant as aftershocks may occur. (Ellalyn V. Ruiz)









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MAGNITUDE 5 SA CARAGA REGION

NIYANIGng magnitude 5 na lindol ang ilang bahagi ng Caraga region sa Min-danao nitong Linggo.

Sa ulat ng Philippine Institute of Volcanology and

Seismology (Phivolcs), ang tectonic na lindol ay tumama alas-12:43 ng tanghali.

Ang epicenter ng pag-yanig ay naitala sa baybayin sa northeast ng bayan ng

Cortes, Surigao del Sur, ma-lapit sa Philippine Trench.
Ayon pa sa Phivolcs, na-ramdaman ang lindol sa In-tensity II sa Tandag, Surigao del Sur, at Intensity I sa Cabad-baran City, Agusan del Norte. Hindi rin umano inaasa-han ang anumang pinsala sa

han ang anumang pinsala sa naturang lindol pero may posibilidad ang aftershocks.
(BRT)



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Republika ng Pilipinas
Kagawaran ng Kapaligiran at Kika Yaman
PAMBANSANG PUNONG REHIYON
National Ecology Center, East Avenue, Diliman, Lungsod ng Quezon

PAGBEBENTA NG PAMPUBLIKONG LUPA

Ang pabatid na ito ay ipinagkakaloob bilang patunay na ang Department of vironment and Natural Resources—National Capital Region, Patents and seds Section, alinsunod sa Department Adminitrative Order No. 38, 19 ril 1990, ay magkakaroon ng bilihan sa <u>DENR-NCR</u>, National Ecology of the Cast Avenue, Diliman, Oyezon City, sa pamamagitan ng isang sealed diding na makakapagbigay ng pinakamataas na halaga sa ika-10 ng umaga APR 11, 2023, ng lupang matatagpuan sa <u>Brgy. Western Bicutan</u> inagsama) Taguig City na inilarawan ng mga sumusunod:

BILANG NG APLIKASYON	PANGALAN NG APLEKANTE	BILANG NG LOTE/PLANO	SUKAT NG LOTE SA METRO NUWADRADO	HALAGA NG LUPA KADA METRO KLAWADRADO	HALAGA NG LUPA	KASKUANG HALAGA NG MGA ISTRAKTURA
ICPSA No. 007607-2184	EDWIN A. VIDA	Lot 34, Block 50	84 sq.m.	PhP140.00	PhP\$1,760.00	PHP800,000:0

Ang mga bid ay dapat na selyado at dapat isumite sa nasabing Dibisiyon, mismo o bago sa itinalagang oras at petsa sa itaas at minarkahan na "Bid for Land Described in MSA/IGPSA No. 007607-2184". Ang mga bid sa pagbili ay dapat Isumite sa pamamagitan ng pera, money order, treasury warrant, sertipikadong tseke, cashier's check o manager's check na nagkakahalaga ng humigit kumulang sa sampung porsiyento (10%) ng isinumiteng turing, Kung ang bumibili ay nais bawiin ang kanilang dinepositong halaga bilang alok sa pagbili, ngunit natukoy na ang pinakamataas na bidder, ang katumbas na deposito ay makukumpiska pabor sa pamahalaan. Ang pamahalaan ay mya karapatang tanggihan ang isa o lahat ng alok sa pagbili ay hindi dapat bababa sa kabuuang halaga ng nasabing lupa. Ang pamahalaan ay mya karapatang tanggihan ang isa o lahat ng alok sa pagbili kung kinakailangan.
Lungsod ng Quezon, Republika ng Pilipinas

(Sgd.)
ATTY. ALVIN JOSEPH G. CONSTANTINO
Chief, Licenses, Patents and Deeds Division
MSG/JOP/JIPP

IOV. 14, 21, 28 DEC. 8, 12, 19

Republika ng Pilipinas
Kagawaran ng Kapaligiran at Likas Yaman
PAMBANSANG PUNONG REHIYON
National Ecology Center, East Avenue, Diliman, Lungsoo ng Quezon

PAGBEBENTA NG PAMPUBLIKONG LUPA

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	PANGALAN NG APLIKANTE	BILANG NG LOTE/PLANG	SAKAT NG LOTE SA METRO NAMADRADO	HALAGANG LUPA KADA METRO KUMADRADO	KABIRIANG HALAGANG LLPA	HALAGA NG MGA ISTRAKTURA
IGPSA No. 007807-2183	RALPHEDRIAN T. VIDA	Lot 6, Block 54 Ped-00-036894	84 sq.m.	PhP140.00	P:P11.780.00	PiP180,000.00

Ang mga bid ay dapat na selyado at dapat isumite sa nasabing Dibisiyon, mismo o bago sa itinalagang oras at petsa sa itaas at minarkahan na "Bid for Land Described in MSA/IGPSA No. 007607-2133". Ang mga bid sa pagbili ay dapat isumite sa pamamagitan ng peta, money oraer, treasury warrant, sertipikadong tseke, cashier's check o manager's check na nagkakahalaga ng humigit kumulang sa sampung porsiyento (10%) ng isinumiteng turing. Kung ang bumibili ay nais bawiin ang kanilang dinepositong halaga bilang alok sa pagbili, ngunit natukoy na ang pinakamatasa na bidder, ang katumbas na deposito ay makukumpiska pabor sa pamahalaan. Ang naga alok sa pagbili ay hindi dapat bababa sa kabuuang halaga ng nasabing lupa. Ang pamahalaan ay may karapatang tanggihah ang isa o lahat ng alok sa pagbili kung kinakailangan.

Lungsod ng Quezon, Republika ng Pilipinas.

(Sgd.)
ATTY. ALVIN JOSEPH G. CONSTANTINO
Chief, Licenses, Patents and Deeds Division









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Republic of the Philipprines
Department of Environment and Natural Resources
COMMUNITY ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES
RXI-44, Cegnal Compared Math, Digos City Philipprines
Telephone No. (182):553-975/ennall dark. Signs@gmail.com

LEASE OF PUBLIC LANDS

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RUEL D. COLONG S
CENT Officer



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Environment and Natural Resources
COMMUNITY ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES
RN-4A, Capitol Compount, Made, Uppe Co., Philippines
Telephone No. (1932)553-ST56/enval deer doposit

PAGPAPAUPA NG LUPANG PUBLIKO

binadabagay sisen sa madis ha and DENR Community Environment and Natural Resources Office XI-4A. Capital Composed, Marti. Digos City ay sistenguan ng sekyasio o nakasulat na sise. sa ika alas 1830 ng umaga sa ika 6 ng Enero taong 2020 para paupahan ang isang sukat na lusang publiko na inflaruwan sa isaba nitu. Lugar Destroysor Market Cook of the second o

Ang Larquetan ng quahan ng masbing lupa ay labigay sa tao o parido na makapagbigay sa proakamatasa na lupa sa kang jato na timel i sationg (1%) ponsyesta sa halaga ng karana kaga ng katanong asnahitura. Uhang ang isong sa isang jato na timel i sationg (1%) ponsyesta sa halaga ng katanong asnahitura. Uhang ang isong sa isang jato na makabasana sa sassabasana, kalangang saka ya karana-dapat na pagkarah ini kalangang saka ya karana-dapat na kagalamang saka sa isang sa i

RUEL D. COLONG



The Manila Times

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Department of Environment and Natural Resource ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT BUREAU



NOTICE OF RESCHEDULING OF PUBLIC HEARING

On the ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT (EIS) of the MAALINAO-CAIGUTAN-BIYOG MINING PROJECT of MAKILALA MINING COMPANY, INC. located in BRGY. BALATOC, MUNICIPALITY OF PASIL, PROVINCE OF KALINGA, PHILIPPINES.

Due to the onslaught brought about by severe tropical storm Paeng, the Public Hearing originally scheduled on 04 November 2022 was postponed. Notice is hereby given to all parties who wish to give their opinion regarding the implementation of the MAALINAO-CAIGUTAN-BIYOG MINING PROJECT to attend the Public Hearing that is rescheduled to:

Date	Time	Venue
06 December 2022	09:30 AM	Pasil Municipal Gym, Amdalao
(Tuesday);	(Registration starts at 08:30 AM)	Pasil, Kalinga

The Public Hearing is being conducted in connection with the review of the EIS of the aforementioned project by the Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR).

The following is the project information:

Project Name	Maalinao-Caigutan-Biyog Minir	ng P	roject	
Project Location	Brgy, Balatoc, Municipality Of F	asil	, Province Of Kalinga, Philippines.	
Project Capacity	Mining: 4,500,000 MT/ yr Processing: 2,400,000 MT/yr			
Project Type	Resource Extractive Industry: I Metallic Mineral or Ore Proces		action of Metallic Ores/ Minerals and	
Project Rationale	resources in the Cordillera A spearheading the growth of inevitable socioeconomic development project. This include to the government, employment supporting industries (comme	dmir of the velop lude nt gr rce)	ize the economic utility of the mineral instrative Region, while consequently the immediate locality through the pment that is integral to any mineral is increased taxes and royalties levied owth from mining-related activities and in the area, social development, and social development programs are also	
量性	anticipated to have positive in		ts on the community as required under	
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	various mining laws and regula		ts on the community as required under	
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	various mining laws and regula Major Components: - Underground Mining Area	ation	ts on the community as required under s Emulsion Plant	
Project	various mining laws and regula Major Components: - Underground Mining Area - Underground Magazine	ation	ets on the community as required under s Emulsion Plant Waste Rock/Topsoil Storage Facility	
Project components	various mining laws and regula Major Components: - Underground Mining Area - Underground Magazine - Surface Magazine	ation	ts on the community as required under s Emulsion Plant Waste Rock/ Topsoil Storage Facility Internal Roads and Bridges	
	various mining laws and regula Major Components: - Underground Mining Area - Underground Magazine - Surface Magazine - Process Plant Buildings	ation	ets on the community as required under s Emulsion Plant Waste Rock/ Topsoil Storage Facility Internal Roads and Bridges Paste Plant Buildings	
	various mining laws and regula Major Components: Underground Mining Area Underground Magazine Surface Magazine Process Plant Buildings Run off Mine Pad.	ation	ets on the community as required under s Emulsion Plant Waste Rock/ Topsoil Storage Facility Internal Roads and Bridges Paste Plant Buildings	
	various mining laws and regula Major Components: - Underground Mining Area - Underground Magazine - Surface Magazine - Process Plant Buildings - Run off Mine Pad Support Facilities:	ation	ets on the community as required under s Emulsion Plant Waste Rock/ Topsoil Storage Facility Internal Roads and Bridges Paste Plant Buildings Fresh water and Contact Water Dams	

All interested parties who wish to attend or participate in this Public Hearing should preferably confirm their attendance/participation and may give their opinion(s) in a concise position paper to the ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT DIVISION (EIAMD) of this Office through email at eia@emb.gov.ph, three (3) days before the Public Hearing schedule. Those who will not be able to register or submit written positions may be given the opportunity to share their issues on the day of the hearing itself.

The project's EIS and Executive Summary for the Public are downloadable on our website: (kindly access the Notice of Public Hearing/ Consultation link found in our website) while copies will be available in the following offices:

- DENR Compound, Gibraltar Road, Baguio City

 Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office- Pasil

 Pasil Municipal Hall, Pasil, Kalinga

For more details, please contact the EIAMD Division at this Office at telephone number (02) 8539 4378 loc. 116 and look for the project case handlers Engr. George Silvederio and Engr. Jason Paolo Esguerra.

MT - Nov. 21 & 28, 2022











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Supprid EV Republic of the Philippines
Department of Environment and Natural Resources
NATIONAL MAPPING AND RESOURCE INFORMATION AUTHORITY DOD LAGUMEN MO

INVITATION TO BID

The National Mapping And Resource Information Authority, Bids and Awards Committee (NAMRIA BAC) invites interested bidders for the following project:

NAMRIA BAC) invites interested bidders for the following project.

 Supply and Delivery of 187,000 liters Automotive Diesel Oil (ADO) for Hydrography Branch
 Approved Budget for the Contract – PhP 16,914,000.00

The bidding schedule is as follows:

1. Issuance of Bidding Documents Starting November 21, 2022

2. Pre-Bid Conference:

10:30AM November 29, 2022
NAMRIA Boardroom/Lecture Hall
Fort A. Bonifacio, Taguing City

3. Deadline of Submission and
Opening of Bids:

10:30AM December 13, 2022
NAMRIA Boardroom/Lecture Hall
Fort A. Bonifacio, Taguing City

The NAMRIA BAC reserves the right to cancel the bidding process, to reject any or all bids, to waive any informality in the bids received and to accept such bid most advantageous to the government. Dir. F.UEL DM. BELEN
Chairman, B.A.C

NAMRIA OFFICES:

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R. 421 Barraco St., San Nicoles. 1994

NAMRIA OFFICES:

@ Lawton Avenina, Fort Bonifacio, 1604 Taguig City, PH (2)(632) 8810-4831 to 41

@ 427 Berraco St., San Nicolas, 1010 Marella, PH (2)(632) 8241-3494 to 98



INVESTORS IN PEOPLE



TITLE :





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7-28-22

Republic of the Philippines
Department of Environment and Natural Resources
NATIONAL MAPPING AND RESOURCE INFORMATION AUTHORITY
www.namria.gov.ph National Mapping and Resource Information Authority, Bids and Awards Committee (NAMRIA-BAC) Invites interested bidders for the project "SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF UPDATED LARGE-SCALE TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AT SCALE 1:10,000 FOR THE UNIFIED MAPPING PROJECT (UMP) CV 2023, covering cluster of provinces lated, as follows:

The bidding schedule is as follows:
1. Issuance of Bidding Documents:
2. Pre-Bid Conference:

The NAMRIA BAC reserves the right to cencel fit ality in the bids received and to accept such bid m

NAMERA GEFECES:
Landa Averan, For Boulinds, 1634 Togolg Chr., PH C(637) 8818-6831 to 41
2 vs. Epinado S, San Hookes, 1679 Satella, PH C(637) 2241-2655 to 42

We forward in procedul Security of the Breast in procedul Security o

